

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT

455 Mountain Village Blvd. Mountain Village, CO 81435 (970) 728-1392

Agenda Item No.11

TO: Mountain Village Town Council

FROM: Rodney Walters, Town Forester

FOR: February 20, 2025 **DATE:** February 11, 2025

RE: Work Session Regarding Potential Distribution of MCH Packets to Private Residents

Attachments: Synergy Semiochemicals MCH packets quote, Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) label for MCH Packets, Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for MCH (3-methyl-2cyclohexen-1-one), Manufacturer Application Rate instructions screen shot, Scientific Journal article abstract - <u>3-methyl-2-cyclohexen-1-one individual tree protection against</u> <u>spruce beetle attack in the southern Rocky Mountains</u>

Town Council member Tucker Magid has sent a request that MCH packets be made available to Town of Mountain Village (TMV) residents.

In considering this request two primary thoughts come to mind, the costs for doing so and how to mitigate any potential harmful effects verses benefits of distributing anti-aggregation MCH Packets to residents.

Costs:

The first consideration concerning the costs of distributing packets to residents are outlined below

- Costs of packets is approximately \$2.71 per packet plus shipping (Attachment 1)
 - Approximate cost of 1500 packets plus shipping is \$4165.
 - Chest Freezer to create additional storage capacity for the packets is \$200 \$330
 - Time to distribute packets to residents is approximately 5-10 minutes per request (average 10 packets per request) is 750 to 1500 minutes which equals between 12.5 to 25 hours
 - Forester's time to prepare an instructional packet containing a sign off form, applications instructions, tree identification information and photographs, dosage requirements is approximately 8 12 hours.

Potential for Harmful Effects:

The second consideration reflects potential harmful effects verses potential benefits for doing so. When pesticides are distributed, the law requires that the applicator follow all the EPA label instructions (Attachment 2) for the specific product that is being applied and that the application rates do not exceed the limit defined by the label. The law also requires that SDS (Attachment 3) sheets be readily available to anyone who may be exposed to any chemical (generally employees, small business operators, or members of the public). There are potential legal risks associated with the label not being followed (for the applicator), which in this case would be the private residents who apply the chemicals or to anyone they hire to apply the chemicals Legal risks to the Town may be nullified or reduced by making the label and SDS sheet available to each resident who receives packets and by requiring them to sign a form whereby they agree to follow all requirements of the Synergy Semiochemicals Corporation application and dosage instructions (Attachment 4) and the EPA label and by being given out a copy of the SDS sheet. Our instructions would specify a maximum dosage of 40 packets per acre according to the manufacturer's instructions. By receiving the MCH bubble cap packets, the residents would be assuming the responsibility for applying them correctly and for taking the precautions necessary to protect the environment and themselves (and their employees) from harm. MCH bubble caps are readily available to the public for purchase and are not controlled pesticides that require special licensing and certifications to purchase and apply.

The next aspect considers potential harm to residents due to exposure to the chemical. MCH is considered to have a low probability of causing toxicological harm to humans, but it may cause skin irritation, eye irritation, and respiratory irritation. The label provides 1st aid instructions for eye, skin, and inhalation exposure and if the chemical is swallowed. It provides instructions to avoid skin, eyes, or clothing contact, how to handle the bubble caps, and how to store and dispose of them (Attachment 2). If all the EPA label instructions are followed, then the health risks associated with the bubble caps are minimal. However, eye, skin, and even respiratory irritation are likely. In my experience, eye irritation is noticeable and even significant and respiratory irritation is noticeable (similar to menthol). The skin irritation is noticeable but easily managed with clothing and gloves. The respiratory irritation dissipates within 20 minutes to an hour and the eye irritation dissipates within a couple to a few hours. Effects, however, may differ with individuals. The skin irritation for me goes away by washing my skin with soap and water.

Another consideration is potential harm to the environment. If the EPA label is followed (Attachment 2) and the bubble caps are not applied at a dose exceeding 80 packets per acre and they are kept out of water ways and wetlands the harm is minimal, with the greatest risk going to birds (likely crows) or mammals (perhaps squirrels) that may tamper with the packets. The packets likely don't kill these animals but could effect their health, especially in the short term.

My biggest concern of overdosing (exceeding 40 - 80 packets per acre) is a diminishing effect of the packets to repel beetles and potential to begin acting as an attractant. The scientific literature does indicate that overdosing can reduce the effectiveness of the product, but I have found no scientific literature stating that it can act as an attractant the way that the anti-aggregation pheromone, verbenone can.

Another consideration is the bubble caps being applied for the purpose of protecting individual trees from spruce beetle. Although the label allows MCH bubble caps to be applied for spruce beetle, the scientific literature indicates that MCH can help reduce spruce beetle populations at forest scale coverage but has little proven effect in repelling spruce beetles in individual trees and only shows potential to repel spruce beetle in individual trees if also administered with a pheromone known as AKA. MCH alone is mostly effective toward Douglas fir beetle, so applying it for spruce beetle could possibly be wasteful (attachment 5). With all the above in mind, the potential harm to the environment is minimal as long as 80 bubble caps per acre is not exceeded and the bubble caps are not put into waterways or wetlands.

Summary:

To summarize, the potential risks are low if the instructions and label are followed and there could be a greater potential to reduce Douglas fir beetle pressure in and around our Town if MCH bubble cap, packets are distributed more widely. I do believe the risks of distributing MCH bubble caps to TMV residents can be managed by creating a form whereby those receiving the bubble caps accept all responsibility for applying them. They would be required to sign a form stating their agreement to follow all manufacture instructions and the label and accept all responsibility for

applying the packets. In distributing the bubble caps to residents, we would only give them an appropriate number of packets for their property size, for example, a resident for a 1-acre property would be given a maximum of 40 packets, a resident for a ½ acre property would be given a maximum of 20 packets etc. I would provide a quick instruction sheet showing the manufacturer's instructions and a longer instruction fact sheet with information to correctly identify trees (Douglas fir verses subalpine fir) along with the EPA label and the SDS sheets. As you can see, there are several levels of complexity to consider in distributing the MCH bubble caps, but if the community really wants this, it can be done.

Council Discussion:

Staff would like Council to discuss the merits of creating an MCH packet distribution program for private residences and give staff direction to create such a program if desired.

Attachment 1: Synergy Semiochemicals Price Quote, MCH Bubble Caps (500mg)



7572 Progress Way Delta, BC V4G 1E9 Canada (604) 454-1122 semiochemical.com Quote No. 5132 Date 2/4/2025 Account # 21486 Created By Julien Grebert

Terms Due on receipt

QUOTE

BILL TO

SHIP TO

Town of Mountain Village Contact Rodney Walters 455 Mountain Village Blvd. Suite A Mountain Village, CO 81435 United States Town of Mountain Village Contact Rodney Walters 455 Mountain Village Blvd. Suite A Mountain Village, CO 81435 United States

| DESCRIPTION | QUANTITY | UOM | UNIT PRICE | AMOUNT |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| repellent single bubble; USA only | 2,510.00 | EA | \$2.71 | \$6,802.10 |
| 2510 MCH | 1.00 | EA | \$128.94 | \$128.94 |
| repellent single bubble; USA only | 5,000.00 | EA | \$2.71 | \$13,550.00 |
| | 5,000.00 | EA | \$-0.05 | \$-250.00 |
| 5000 MCH | 1.00 | EA | \$324.38 | \$324.38 |
| | Subtota | al | | \$20,555.42 |
| | Тахе | S | | \$0.00 |
| | Total Amour | nt | | \$20,555.42 |
| | repellent single bubble; USA only 2510 MCH repellent single bubble; USA only | repellent single bubble; USA only 2,510.00 2510 MCH 1.00 repellent single bubble; USA only 5,000.00 5,000 MCH 1.00 Subtots 5,000.00 Taxe 5,000 | repellent single bubble; USA only2,510.00EA2510 MCH1.00EArepellent single bubble; USA only5,000.00EA5,000.00EA | DESCRIPTIONQUANTITYUOMPRICErepellent single bubble; USA2,510.00EA\$2.712510 MCH1.00EA\$128.94repellent single bubble; USA5,000.00EA\$2.71repellent single bubble; USA5,000.00EA\$2.715,000.00EA\$2.71\$324.38SubtotalTaxes |

GST No. 849163076 All international and US orders are payable in US funds. Use Quote number when ordering. Quotes are valid for 30 days and do not include customs clearance, duties or taxes for orders sent outside of USA or Canada. Our shipping terms for international orders are CPT.

(500mg) EDA Labol ^

| <u>/</u> | Attachment 2: MCH Bubb | ie Caps (500 | JMg) EPA Lab | <u>lei</u> |
|---|---|--|--|---|
| 90515-1 | 3/21/20 | 014 | EPA Reg. Number: | Date of Issuance: |
| UNITED STATES. ION HOLE | U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTIO Office of Pesticide Program Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention D | | 90515-1 | MAR 21 2014 |
| | 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue I Washington, DC-20460 | NW ² | | Unconditional |
| THAL PROTECT | | | - Name of Pesticide Produ | |
| | NOTICE OF PESTICIDE: X Registration | n v | Synergy | Shield MCH |
| | (under FIFRA, as amende | 9 | | |
| Name and Address of Registr | ant (include ZIP Code): | | I | |
| Synergy Semioche c/o Technology Sc 712 5 th Street, Suit Davis, CA 95616 | ience Group, Inc. | • | | |
| Biopesticides and Pollution CRAUSE basis combined Federal Insecticide, endorsement or reco the Administrator, o with the Act. The au | differing in substance from that accepted in connect Prevention Division prior to use of the labeluin con- rmation furnished by the registrant, the Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFR ommendation of this product by the Ag on her motion, may at any time suspend coeptance of any name in connection w ng the registrant a right to exclusive us | imerce. In any correst above natical pro- A). Registration ency. In order to d or cancel the re with the registration | pondence on this product esticate is hereby re- is in no way to be co protect health and gistration of a pesti- on of a product under | always refer to the above gistered under the construed as an the environment, cide in accordance er this Act is not to |
| any time that addition | es not eliminate the need for continual onal data are required to maintain in ef data under section 3(c)(2)(B) of FIFRA | fect an existing r | - | |
| This product is unco terms: | onditionally registered in accordance w | vith FIFRA Sec. | 3(c)(5) and is subject | ct to the following |
| section 4 wh 2. A one year (Guidelines provide thes 3. Revise the H | or cite all data required for registration then the Agency requires all registrants study is required to satisfy the Storage OCSPP 830.6317 and 830.6320). You the data. EPA Registration Number to read, "EP e (3) copies of the revised final printed | of similar produce Stability and Con- ou have 18 month A Reg. No. 9051 | ets to submit such d rrosion Characterist ns from the date of r 5-1." | ata. ics requirements egistration to |
| A stamped copy of | the label and an A-79 Enclosure are en | closed for your r | ecords. | |
| Signature of Approv | ing Official: | Date | 2: | |
| Robert McNally, Dir Biopesticides and Po EPA Form 8570-6 | ector Ilution Prevention Division (7511P) | 3 | 121/14 | |

Synergy Shield MCH

ACTIVE INGREDIENT

| 3-methyl-2-cyclohexen-1-one | 97.9% | 1 |
|-----------------------------|--------|---|
| OTHER INGREDIENTS: | | |
| TOTAL: | 100.0% | |

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MAR 21 2014 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amonded, for

90515-1

the pesticide registered under **KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN** EPA Reg. No. CAUTION

| FIRST AID | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| If in eyes | Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 – 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. | | | | |
| lf on skin or clothing | If on skin or • Take off contaminated clothing. | | | | |
| If swallowed | Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. | | | | |
| lf inhaled | Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. | | | | |
| Have product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-222-1222 for emergency medical treatment information. | | | | | |

EPA Reg. No.: (pending as File Symbol 90515-R) EPA Establishment No.: XXXXX-XX-XX

Manufactured by: Synergy Semiochemical Corporation 7061 Merritt Avenue Burnaby BC, V5J 4R7 Canada

Net Contents:

| 10 units; (500 mg) (1000 mg)per unit; XX ounces total |
|---|
| 50 units; (500 mg) (1000 mg)per unit; XX ounces total |

100 units; (500 mg) (1000 mg)per unit; XX ounces total

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS – CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin: Gauses moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Avoid contact with liquid contents. Do not puncture reservoir. Prior to use, open storage bag in a wellventilated area and allow any accumulated vapors to vent. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

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ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean highwater mark, except under forest canopy. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Host Tree Stands: Standing and fallen Douglas-fir and Spruce trees and stumps, and stands containing significant numbers of Douglas-fir or Spruce trees. Use on trees in forests; municipal and shade tree areas; recreational areas such as campgrounds, golf courses, parks and parkways; ornamental and shade tree plantings; suburban areas; and rights of way and other easements.

Pests: MCH is an antiaggregation pheromone for the Douglas-Fir Beetle (Dendroctonus pseudotsugae) and the Spruce Beetle (Dendroctonus rufipennis). Synergy MCH Shield deters mass attack in tree stands and protects susceptible trees.

Application Rate:

Placement on trees:

Place Synergy Shield MCH on trees over 8 inches in diameter on north face of tree at 6 to 12 feet in height. Staple into flashing being careful to **not** puncture the reservoir.

Individual trees and area 1 acre or less:

(For 500 mg units)

Place 2 or 4 Synergy Shield MCH on each tree, depending on risk of attack and size of tree. For large trees over 24 inches diameter, add 1 more Synergy Shield MCH for each additional 8 inches in diameter, 3 feet above the previous Synergy Shield MCH.

(For 1000 mg units)

Place 1 or 2 Synergy Shield MCH on each tree, depending on risk of attack and size of tree. For large trees over 24 inches diameter, add 1 more Synergy Shield MCH for each additional 12 inches in diameter, 3 feet above the previous Synergy Shield MCH.

Forested stands over 1 acres:

(For 500 mg units)

Minimum dose – 40 Synergy Shield MCH/acre. For low to moderate beetle pressure, place 1 Synergy Shield MCH/tree in a grid pattern with 32 foot centers.

Maximum dose – 80 Synergy Shield MCH/acre. For high to extreme beetle pressure, place 1 Synergy Shield MCH/tree in a grid pattern with 23 foot centers.

(For 1000 mg units)

Minimum dose – 20 Synergy Shield MCH/acre. For low to moderate beetle pressure, place 1 Synergy Shield MCH/tree in a grid pattern with 46 foot centers. Maximum dose – 40 Synergy Shield MCH/acre. For high to extreme beetle pressure, place 1 Synergy Shield MCH/tree in a grid pattern with 32 foot centers.

-**Timing:**—Place-Synergy Shield MCH at least 2 weeks prior-to-the expected attack flight of the pest. Under normal weather conditions the Synergy Shield MCH is effective for 60 days. Use a second treatment as needed.

Notes: For best results, remove all beetle-infested trees on property before application. Consider the use of pheromone traps to reduce population pressure.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in sealed storage bag in a cold, dry place. Store below 32°F (0°C) or as cold as possible.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Place empty bag in trash.

Attachment 3: Safety Data Sheet (SDS)



Synergy Semiochemicals Corporation

Safety Data Sheet

MCH (3-methyl-2-cyclohexen-1-one)

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

| Product Identifier Other Means of | MCH N/A |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Identification | |
| Recommended Use | Pheromone release device for Douglas fir beetle (Dendroctonus pseudotsugae) and Spruce beetle (Dendroctonus rufipennis |
| Restrictions on Use | Not for household usage |
| Initial Supplier Identifier | Synergy Semiochemicals Corporation 7572 Progress Way Delta, British Columbia, Canada V4G 1E9 |
| | For Information: (604) 454-1122 |
| Emergency Telephone Number | CANUTEC @ 1-(613)-996-6666 |

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

| Classification | H226: Flammable liquid and vapor H315: Causes skin irritation H319: Causes serious eye irritation H335: May cause respiratory irritation |
|----------------|---|
| Label Elements | N/A |
| Other Hazards | N/A |

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Chemical Name | CAS No. | Concentration | Common name / Synonyms | Other identifiers |
|-----------------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| 3-methylcyclohex-2-en-1-one | 1193-18-6 | N/A | N/A | N/A |

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

| Inhalation Skin Contact | Remove victim from area to fresh air. Seek medical attention if irritation persists. Wash area well with soap and warm water. Seek medical attention if irritation persists. |
|---|---|
| | |
| Eye Contact | Wash eyes with water or saline solution for at least 15 minutes and seek medical attention. |
| Ingestion | Plastic release device is unlikely to be ingested. Give water or milk to dilute and consider medical attention if large quantities ingested. Do not induce vomiting. |
| Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Acute and Delayed | Irritation to skin and mucous membranes. |
| Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment | Treat symptomatically and supportively. |

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

| Extinguishing Media | |
|--|--|
| Suitable Extinguishing Media | Dry powder fire extinguisher, carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. |
| Unsuitable Extinguishing Media | Water. |
| Specific Hazards Arising from the Product | Fumes from combusting plastic membrane may be irritant or toxic. |
| Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire- Fighters | No data |

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency | If devices are intact, no special precautions required. If devices have been punctured or are leaking, latex or vinyl gloves are recommended. |
|---|--|
| Procedures Methods for Containment and Cleaning Up | Collect devices for disposal in domestic garbage. Any liquid present that has leaked out may be absorbed with vermiculite or other spill kit. Wash area with soap and water. |

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handle with latex or vinyl gloves, wash hands after handling devices. **Handling**

Conditions for Safe Store away from children and pets in sealed container in a cool, dry place. Storage

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

| Chemical Name | ACGIH® TLV® | | OSHA PEL | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|------|----------|------|
| | TWA | STEL | TWA | STEL |
| 3-methylcyclohex-2-en-1-one | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

| Notes | No data for exposure limits. | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| Appropriate Engineering Controls | N/A | |
| Individual Protection Measures | | |
| Eye/Face Protection | Safety glasses. | |
| Skin Protection | Organic-resistant gloves as appropriate. | |
| Respiratory Protection | Ventilated area as required for personal comfort. | |

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance | Clear to slightly yellow liquid, packaged in plastic membrane release device. | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Odour | Nutty, caramel-type odor packaged in release device | | |
| Odour Threshold | N/D | | |
| рН | N/A | | |
| Melting Point and Freezing Point | -21°C | | |
| Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range | 197°C | | |

| Flash Point | 68°C |
|--|--|
| Evaporation Rate | N/D |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | N/D |
| Upper and Lower Flammability or Explosive Limit | N/D |
| Vapour Pressure | 0.34mm |
| Vapour Density (air = 1) | >1 |
| Relative Density (water = 1) | 0.97 |
| Solubility in Water | Insoluble. |
| Solubility in Other Liquids | Soluble in alcohol, acetone, ether, petroleum ether. |
| Partition Coefficient, n-Octanol / Water (Log Kow) | N/A |
| Auto-ignition Temperature | N/D |
| Decomposition Temperature | N/D |
| Viscosity | N/D |

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Reactivity | N/D |
|--|--|
| Chemical Stability | N/D |
| Possibility of Hazardous Reactions | None. |
| Conditions to Avoid | Exposure to UV, oxidizing agents or open flame |
| Incompatible Materials | Oxidizing agents, chlorinating agents, caustics, amines, strong acids, strong heating or flame |
| Hazardous Decomposition Products | Oxides of carbon. |

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Routes of Exposure

_ Inhalation X Skin contact _ Eye contact _ Ingestion

Acute Toxicity

| • | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| LC50 | N/D |
| LD50 (oral) | N/D |
| LD50 (dermal) | N/D |
| Notes | |
| | |
| Skin Corrosion / Irritation | N/D |
| Serious Eye Damage / Irritation | N/D |
| STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Single Exposure | N/D |
| Aspiration Hazard | N/D |
| STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Repeated Exposure | N/D |
| Respiratory and/or Skin Sensitization | Possible with repeated exposure. |

Carcinogenicity

| Chemical Name | IARC | ACGIH® | OSHA |
|-----------------------------|------|--------|------|
| 3-methylcyclohex-2-en-1-one | No | No | No |

Notes

| Reproductive | Toxicity |
|--------------|----------|
|--------------|----------|

| Development of Offspring | N/A |
|----------------------------------|-----|
| Sexual Function and Fertility | N/A |
| Effects on or via Lactation | N/A |
| Germ Cell Mutagenicity | N/A |
| Interactive Effects | N/A |

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity None.

| Persistence and Degradability | N/D |
|----------------------------------|-------|
| Bioaccumulative Potential | None. |
| Mobility in Soil | N/D |
| Other Adverse Effects | None. |

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods Dispose of in residential garbage as non-hazardous waste.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

| Regulation | UN No. | Proper Shipping Name | Technical Name (for N.O.S. entry) | Transport Hazard Class(es) | Packing Group |
|------------|--------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|
| N/D | N/D | N/D | N/D | N/D | N/D |

| Special Precautions | None. |
|---|-------|
| Environmental Hazards | N/A |
| Transport in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code | N/A |

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

| Safety, Health and | N/A |
|--------------------|-----|
| Environmental | |
| Regulations | |

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

| Date of Latest | August 26 th , 2019 |
|----------------|--------------------------------|
| Revision | |

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https://semiochemical.com/mch/#tab-id-7

Attachment 4: Manufacturer application Rate Instructions

How do I use MCH for tree protection?

Biology of a Douglas-Fir Beetle Attack

Where to use MCH

Single and Double Bubbles

When and How to Use MCH

Useful Tips

Application Rates For Synergy Shield MCH Single (500mg) Bubbles (USA only)

Application Rates For Synergy Shield MCH Double (1000mg) Bubbles (Canada & USA)

Individual trees and areas 1 acre / 0.4 hectare or less:

- Place 2 to 4 Synergy Shield MCH on each tree, depending on risk of attack and size of tree.
- For large trees over 24 inches / 61 cm diameter, add 1 more Synergy Shield MCH for each additional 8 inches / 20.3 cm in diameter, 3 feet /1 meter above the previous Synergy Shield MCH.

Forested stands over 1 acre / 0.4 hectare:

- Place 40 Synergy Shield MCH/acre or 99 per hectare. For low to moderate beetle pressure, place 1 Synergy Shield MCH/tree in a grid pattern with 32 foot centers*.
- You do not need to place a bubble directly on the tree. You can apply it to any other tree, building or even a post hammered into the ground.
- For high beetle pressure, place 1 Synergy Shield MCH/tree in a grid pattern with 23 foot / 7 meter centers*. Maximum dose - 80 Synergy Shield MCH/acre or 198 per hectare.

*"Centers" means from the center of one tree to the center of the next.



<u>Attachment 5:</u> Journal Article Abstract - 3<u>-methyl-2-cyclohexen-1-one for individual tree</u> protection against spruce beetle attach in the southern Rocky Mountains



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JOURNAL ARTICLE

3-Methylcyclohex-2-en-1-one for area and individual tree protection against spruce beetle (Coleoptera: Curculionidae: Scolytinae) attack in the southern Rocky Mountains Get access >

E Matthew Hansen ☎, A Steven Munson, Darren C Blackford, Andrew D Graves, Tom W Coleman, L Scott Baggett

Journal of Economic Entomology, Volume 110, Issue 5, October 2017, Pages 2140–2148, https://doi.org/10.1093/jee/tox208 Published: 07 September 2017 Article history ▼

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Abstract

We tested 3-methylcyclohex-2-en-1-one (MCH) and an Acer kairomone blend (AKB) as repellent semiochemicals for area and single tree protection to prevent spruce beetle (Dendroctonus rufipennis Kirby) attacks at locations in Utah and New Mexico. In the area protection study, we compared host intestation rates of MCH applications at three densities (20, 40, and 80 g MCH ha⁻¹) against a control treatment over 0.64 ha plots centered within ~1.25 ha treatment blocks. All treatments included two baited funnel traps within the plot to assure spruce beetle pressure. Following beetle attack, plots were surveyed for new spruce beetle attacks and to quantify stand characteristics. The probability of more severe spruce beetle attacks was significantly reduced, by ~50%, in each of the MCH area treatments compared with the control treatment but there was no significant treatment difference among the MCH deployment densities. For the single tree protection study, we compared attack rates of MCH, Acer kairomone blend (AKB), and MCH plus AKB on spruce beetle-baited trees against bait-only trees. Each treatment was applied over a range of host diameters to test for host size effects. Seventy-five percent of control trees were mass-attacked, about one-third of MCH- and AKB-alone spruce was mass-attacked, and no MCH plus AKB spruce were mass-attacked. These results suggest that MCH alone is a marginal area and single tree protectant against spruce beetle but that deployment with other repellents can significantly increase treatment efficacy.

Keywords: pheromone, bark beetle management, *Dendroctonus rufipennis*, semiochemicals, Engelmann spruce

Issue Section: FOREST ENTOMOLOGY

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